BOROUGH OF SOUTHWOLD.

ANNUAL REPORT

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OF THE

B O R O U G H

FOR THE

YEAR

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Arthur C. Gee, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health.

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BOROUGH OF SOUTHWOLD.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1951.

To: The Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Southwold.

Your Worship, Councillor Miss Foster and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report on the Health of the Borough for the year 1951.

The health of the Borough has been satisfactory throughout the year, apart from a somewhat higher incidence of whooping cough and measles than during the previous year. These two infections now represent the chief epidemological problem amongst the child population. Immunisation against diphtheria has reduced the incidence of that disease to negligible proportions and it is hoped that very shortly an equally effective prophylactic against whooping cough will be available.

In this connection, a word of warning may be timely in reminding parents that although diphtheria is rare nowadays, it has not been banished for all time. If the immunisation of children against diphtheria is not continued, there is good evidence to show that it will soon re-appear in our midst.

Little comment is necessary on the year's vital statistics, save to remind oneself that where comparatively small numbers are involved too much attention should not be given to "rates per 1,000". This is particularly applicable to the figures shown herewith for the Infant Mortality Rate, which, when compared with the comparative rate for England and Wales, appears to be alarmingly high, whereas in fact only two such deaths occurred.

May I take this opportunity of thanking you for your co-operation during the year. I should also like to record my appreciation of the help given me by the Town Clerk, the Sanitary Inspector and other Officials of the Borough.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS.

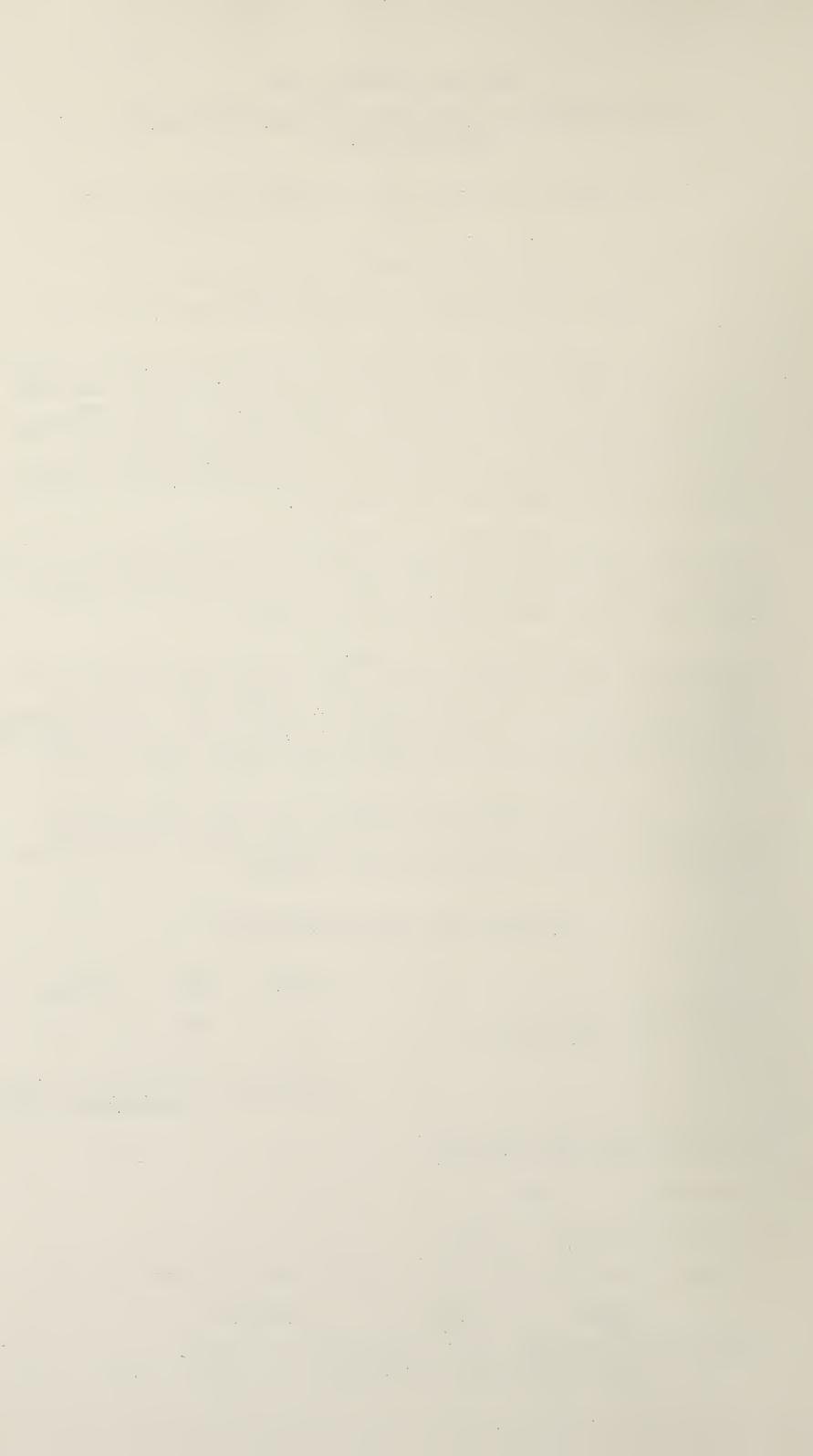
	Totals	Male	Female.
LIVE BIRTHS. Legitimate Illegitimate	21	10	11
	Southwold	n.em	arative figures England & Wales.
Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated resident population mid-1951.	8.6		15.5

Stillbirths. Nil.

Maternal Mortality, Nil.

Infantile Mortality. (Deaths of infants under one year of age.)

Infant Mortality Rate. 95.2 per 1,000 live births. (Comparative Rate for England and Wales - 29.6)



	Total.	Male.	Female.
Deaths:-	45	22	23

Death Rate:-

per 1,000 estimated population - 18.4 (England and Wales 12.5)

Causes of Death:-

Heart Diseases	18
Vascular lesions	
of nervous system	6
Cancer	5
Tuberculosis	
(respiratory)	1
Pneumonia]
Others	14
	45

Comparative Table for the last Five Years.

	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
Population Births Birth Rate per 1,000	2209 36 16.3	2397 44 18.4	2391 37 15.5	2443 33 13.5	2449 23 9.4	2441 21 8.6
Deaths	33	4.7	39	48	49	45
Death Rate per 1,000	14.9	15.4	16.3	19.6	20.1	18.4
Infant deaths Infant Mortality Rate	1		1	2		2
per 1000 live Births	27.7		27.0	60.6	gard	95.2

Infectious Diseases:-

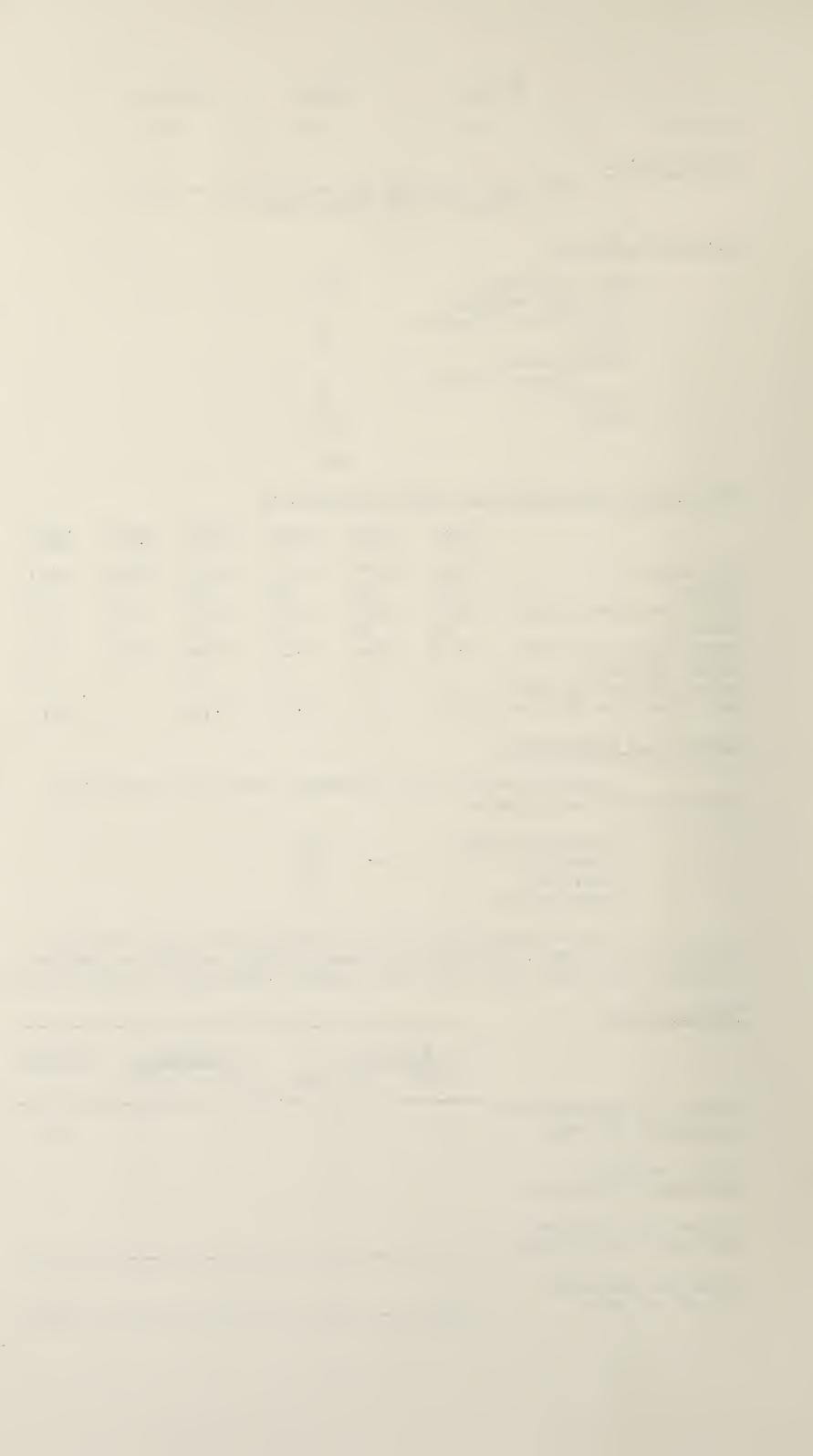
During the year the following cases of Infectious Diseases were notified:-

Whooping cough	grani	59
Pneumonia	***	13
Measles	670	24
Ervsipelas		1

The responsibility for arranging for the hospital treatment of those infectious diseases which cannot be treated at home, now rests with the East Anglian Regional Hospital Board.

TUberculosis.

	Male Pulm.	Pulm.	Fema Pulm. 1	les N.Pulm.	Total.
Number on Register at beginning of year	11	2	4	3	20
Number added to Register during year	2	1	3	1	7
Number removed from Register during year	3	To the second section of the second section section of the second section			4
Total on Register at end of year	10	Francisco de la compansión de la compans		4	23



Diphtheria Immunisation.

The County Medical Officer has kindly supplied the following figures showing the percentage of children immunised in the Borough this year, and during the two previous years. From these figures it will be seen that a steady fall in the proportion of children immunised is taking place. The co-operation of all parents is requested to stop the fall and to ensure that the child population is kept fully immunised against this disease.

Under	5 years	old.	All	children	under 15	years old.
1951.	1950	1949	19	51.	1950	1949.
45.1%	50.6%	53.4%	46	.7%	58.0%	55.7%
Estimated Estimated	pre-school po	ol populat: opulation	ion ((5 -	0 - 4)	175 356	531
<u></u>		children in dren immun		sed	79 169	248
pre-school all child		n immunised ised	d			45.14 46.71
"Booster"	injection	s 1951				22

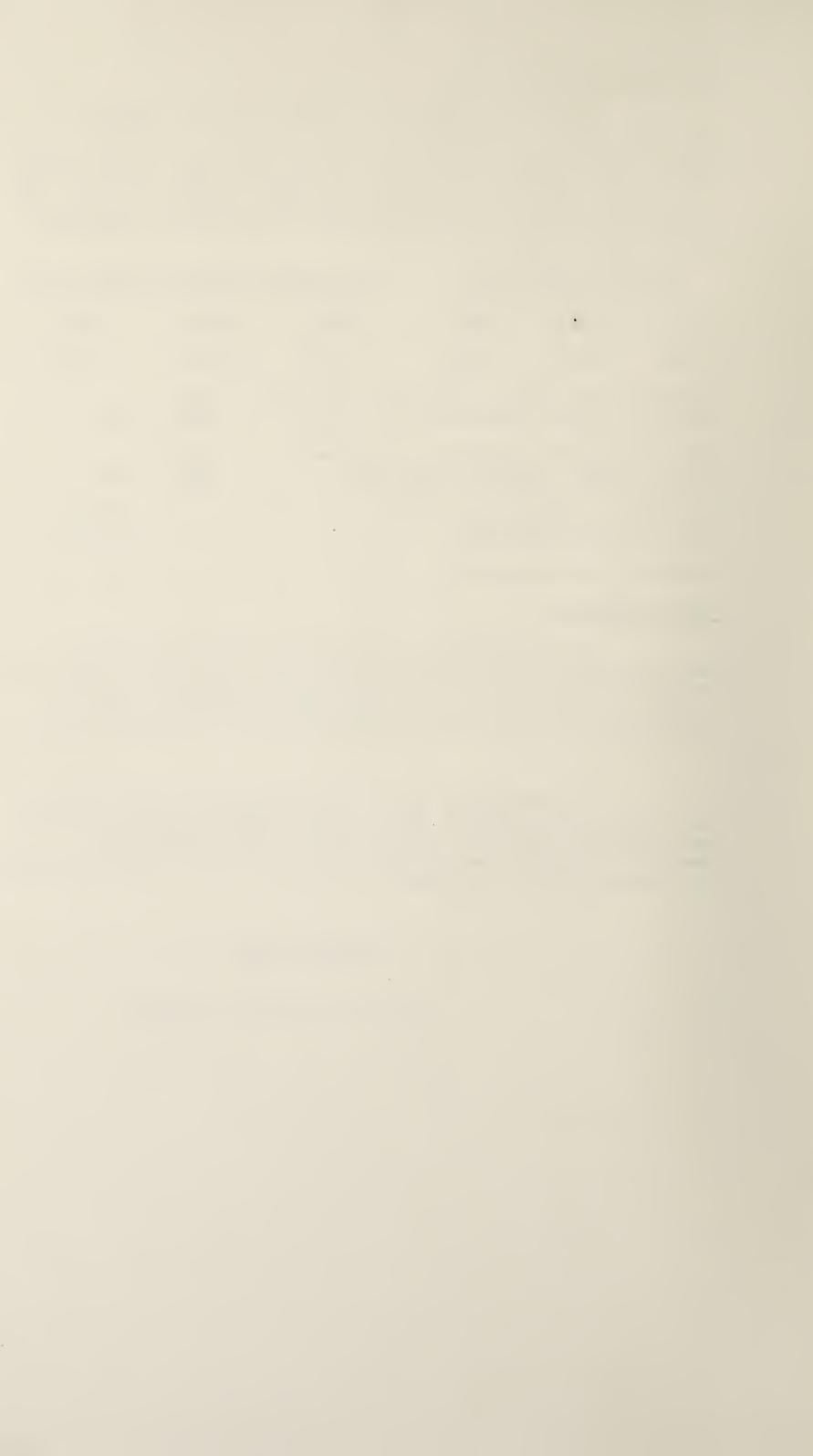
Food Poisoning.

It is pleasing to be able to report once again that no cases of food poisoning have been reported in the Borough. In view of the fact that the Borough is a well patronised seaside resort, this is a particularly gratifying state of affairs for which the food handlers are to be congratulated.

In conclusion may I draw attention particularly to the Sanitary Inspector's Report which follows mine, as in it, your Sanitary Inspector has set out in some detail the variety of sanitary work which has been carried through within the Borough during the year.

ARTHUR C. GEE.

Medical Officer of Health.



BOROUGH OF SOUTHWOLD.

INNUAL REPORT OF THE SANITARY INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1951.

To The Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Southwold.

Your Worship, Councillor Miss Foster and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report on the sanitary conditions in the Borough for the year 1951.

WATER SUPPLY.

Water is provided from the mains by the Southwold Water Company. The supply has been of high quality and sufficient for all requirements.

SEWERACE.

Work commenced on the erection of two new pumping stations at South Green and North Road in April and October respectively. Considerable delays in the delivery of certain materials caused slow progress to be made and by the end of December, 1951, only 80% of the work on the South Green Station had been carried out.

The new pumps, which will be electrically operated, will replace the existing ejector pumps which are now obsolete.

HOUSE REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

The collection of house refuse is carried out by contract and as in previous years the contractor has worked with speed and efficiency.

The refuse is disposed of in the Corporation's incinerator. The condition of the incinerator is rapidly deteriorating and the question of repairs is being considered by the Council (December, 1951).

MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION.

All homekilled meat continues to be supplied from the Area Abbatoir at Beccles where it is inspected and classified.

The question regarding the conditions under which meat is delivered to Southwold and the condition of the meat itself, particularly during the summer, has been the subject of much discussion by the Council, and strong protest has been made to the Ministry of Food on the matter. Attention has also been drawn to the condition under which animals are presented for slaughter, are slaughtered and the carcasses dressed for delivery to the retail shops.

These unsatisfactory conditions can, to a large extent, be attributed to the following:-

- (a) The absence of hanging vans for the delivery of meat, the carcasses, of necessity, being stacked one upon the other.
- (b) The inadequate arrangements at the Beccles Abbatoir for dealing with 'peak kills'.

CONDEMNED MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

419 lbs. home killed meat affected by bone taint were condemned during the year.



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The following tinned and other foods were also condemned:-

Evaporated milk. Full cream milk Condensed milk Condensed machine skimmed milk	2 1 1 2	tins	3	
Plums	2	lbs.	8	ozs.
Strawberries			15	11
Australian fruits	1	11	14	11
Baked Beans			8	11
Group 1 Salmon			15	_ H
Sardines			43	11
Corned beef	6	11	12	•
Pork Luncheon Meat	45	II	8	11
Ham	88	11		
Ham loaf			12	11
Minced meat loaf			12	11
Stewed steak	2	11		
Jellied veal	6	11		

RODENT CONTROL.

The number of premises treated during the year by the Corporation's Rodent Operator was as follows:-

Business premises	3
Private dwellings	24
Corporation Property	1

Twelve manholes on the sewerage system were treated in accordance with the procedure laid down by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries for the treatment of sewers but only slight infestation was indicated.

CATERING ESTABLISHMENTS AND BAKERIES.

All premises have been found in a satisfactory condition.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

All sanitary requirements under the Factory Act have been complied with and proper fire precautions maintained.

DAIRIES AND RETAIL PURVEYORS OF MILK.

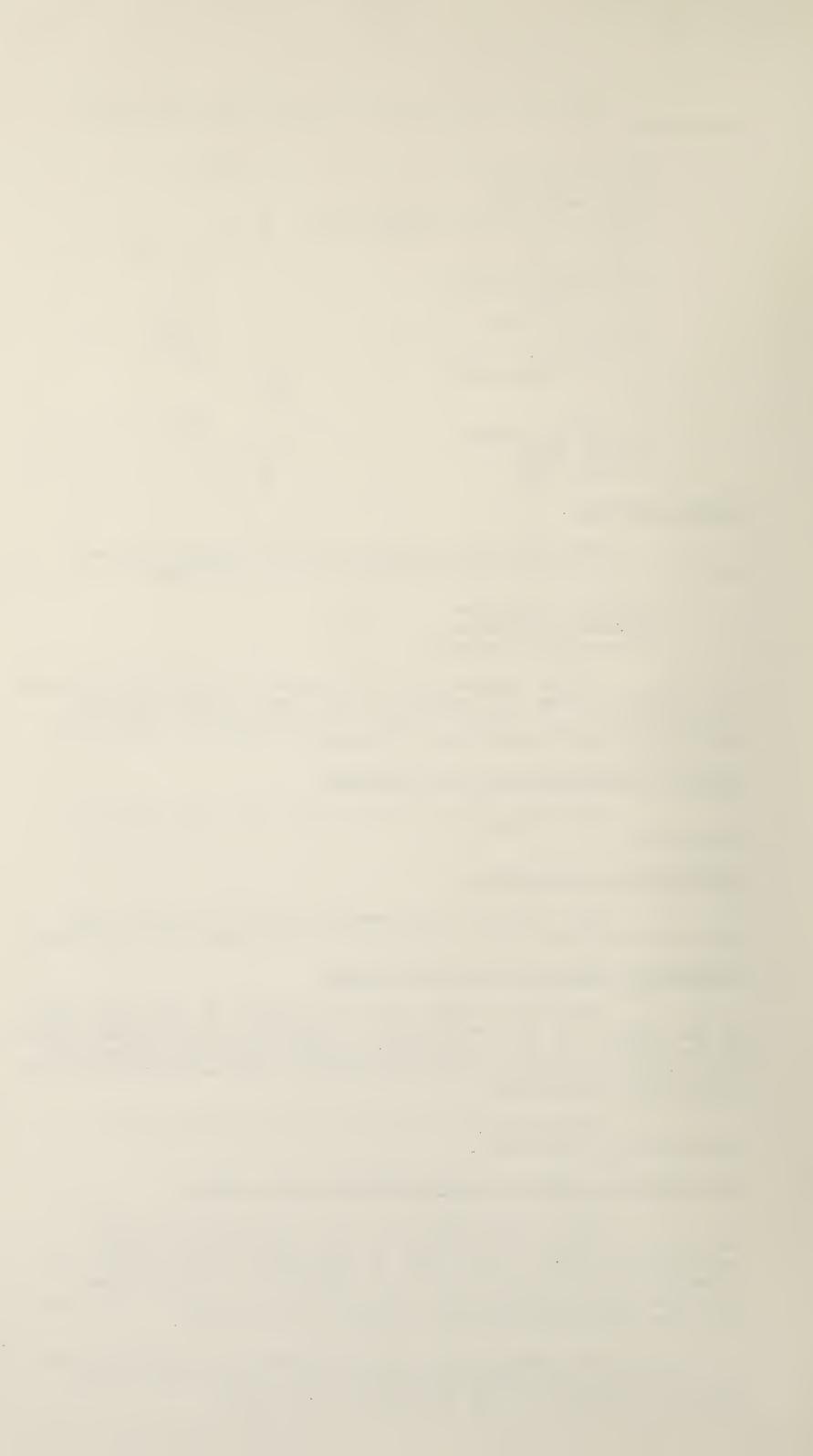
There are three retail purveyors of milk who trade in the town. One of these holds a supplementary licence granted by the Council to sell tuberculin tested and pasteurised milk and another dairyman has been granted a dealers licence to sell tuberculin tested milk.

Both dairies in the town have been kept in a satisfactory condition.

RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS ACT, 1951.

Under this Act, which came into force on 10th November, 1951, it is unlawful to use rag flock or other specified material in any form of upholstery work, except on premises registered by the Local Authority. The Act also provides for the licensing by the Local Authority of premises used for the manufacture or storage of rag flock.

One application for registration of premises has been granted by the Corporation and two licences have been issued in respect of the storage of rag flock.



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HOUSING.

One five-bedroomed terrace house has been purchased and two two-bedroomed semi-detached houses are being erected by the Corporation. The Corporation have also provided a new bathroom in one of their existing houses by means of a small interior conversion.

Generally, housing property in the Borough has been maintained in a sanitary condition and where defects have been found, appropriate action has been taken.

CARAVAN SITE.

The existing public conveniences have been enlarged to provide additional accommodation for both sexes.

C. R. DRIVER.

Sanitary Inspector.

October, 1952.

